Department of Public Services



148 Park Street

Beverly, Massachusetts 01915

Telephone: (978) 921-6053 - Fax: (978) 921-8534

Michael P. Collins, P.E. Director of Public Services

Richard M. MacNeill Project Coordinator

Specifications for Furnishing Equipment for Snow Plowing, Salting/Sanding, and Snow Removal Operations

- This application consists of providing the City of Beverly, Public Services Department, with snow removal equipment as described below. The equipment will be used for the plowing, sanding, salting, and hauling of snow within the City of Beverly on a twenty-four hour a day basis. IT IS TO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT NO PREMIUM TIME IS TO BE PAID FOR SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS, OR HOLIDAYS UNDER THIS AGREEMENT.
- 2. The vehicles must be available with driver at all times, day, night and weekends from November 1, 2009 to April 15, 2010.
- 3. Trucks must be equipped with the following:
 - ✓ One Amber Warning light.
 - ✓ Must have a minimum one-quarter inch (1/4") tread on tires.
 - ✓ All plows must have a replaceable steel cutting edge in good condition.
 - ✓ Skids WILL Not be used.
 - ✓ Sanders must have flashing lights in the rear of the vehicle. Lights must not be obscured by sander.
 - ✓ When snow and/or ice conditions make it impossible or difficult to plow snow, the vehicles' chains must be installed immediately thereafter by the Contractor.

Trucks must be equipped with plow frame and plow, in good working order, upon arrival in the Department of Public Services yard at 148 Park Street, Beverly, Massachusetts. The City will supply sand for ballast.

TRUCKS AND EQUIPMENT SHALL BE INSPECTED PRIOR TO THE START OF EACH STORM. ANY VEHICLES WITHOUT FULL DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT) SAFETY EQUIPMENT WILL BE IMMEDIATELY DISMISSED.

4. The owner shall carry and maintain during the term of this contract November 1, 2009 to April 15, 2010, insurance as specified below and in such form as shall protect him/her and any sub-contractor performing work covered by this service contract from all liability claims for damage for personal

injury, including accidental death and for property damage which may arise from operations under this contract, whether such operations by himself/herself or by any sub-contractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by either of them. The owner's policy shall further agree to hold the City of Beverly harmless for any and all claims or judgments for damages, both for persons and property. The owner shall furnish to the City a copy of his/her insurance company's Certificate of Insurance. If you do not submit a Certificate of Insurance, YOU WILL NOT BE ABLE TO PLOW/SALT. The coverage and amounts of such insurance shall be as follows:

- a. Workmen's Compensation Insurance as required by the Massachusetts Laws.
- b. Bodily Insurance covering the operation of registered motor vehicle whether owned, hired, or rented by the Contractor, in an amount not less than \$100,000 for injuries including accidental death to any one person and subject to the same limit for each person in an amount not less than \$300,000 on account of any one accident.
- c. Property Damage Insurance covering the operation of registered motor vehicle whether owned, hired, or rented by the Contractor in an amount not less than \$50,000.
- d. Non-ownership Automobile Liability Insurance covering bodily injuries and property damage in the amount required above.
- 5. Refueling vehicles will be the responsibility of the Owner. Vehicle fuel tanks shall be filled prior to signing in.

NO COMPENSATORY TIME IS TO BE PAID FOR THE TIME TAKEN FOR THE ATTACHMENT OR DETACHMENT OF PLOWING EQUIPMENT, BREAKDOWNS OR MEALS.

6. The plowing time will start when the equipment arrives at the plowing assignment. The DRIVER OF EACH VEHICLE MUST SIGN IN AND OUT AT THE PARK STREET OFFICE. THE DRIVER OF EACH VEHICLE MUST SIGN OUT, REGARDLESS OF REASON FOR LEAVING (BREAKDOWN, ETC.), TO BE PAID.

Anytime a driver leaves the vehicle, the driver MUST contact the Park Street Office by radio. The driver will also notify the Office when plowing resumes.

THE CONTRACTORS THAT ARE SELECTED FOR SNOW PLOWING FOR THE APPLICATION PERIOD WILL BE THE FIRST PARTIES CONSIDERED FOR THE HAULING OF SNOW IF THEY SUBMIT AN APPLICATION FOR BOTH THE PLOWING AND HAULING ITEMS.

- 7. The City of Beverly reserves the right to plow and/or sand/salt without contacting the hired Contractors. The City also wants to make it clear that if one Contractor is called in, ALL Contractors will be called in. If there is plowable snow in only parts of the City, the Department reserves the right to use whatever combination of forces is necessary to clear the streets. It should be noted that this situation is rare and is avoided if possible.
- 8. It is your responsibility to submit an invoice for payment. Your invoice should include your (or company) name, the date of the storm, each piece of equipment used for the storm, total hours for each piece of equipment and each equipments hourly rate. *Incomplete invoices will be returned*. All invoices must be in prior to the end of our fiscal year, June 15th. Invoices maybe submitted by dropping off or mailing to 148 Park Street, faxing to 978-921-8534 or emailing to treardon@beverlyma.gov.

9. All State Laws and Wage Rates must be complied with.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE MAXIMUM PRICES THAT THE CITY WILL PAY:	
4 WD Pickup 3/4 or one ton with 8' plow	\$70.00 per hour
6 Wheel dump or rackbody 10,000 - 15,000 GVW with plow	\$75.00 per hour
6 Wheel over 15,000 but under 28,000 GVW with plow	\$80.00 per hour
6 Wheel over 28,000 GVW with plow	\$95.00 per hour
10 Wheel with plow or tri-axle	\$120.00 per hour
Sanders 1 - 2.5 cubic yards w/sand loaded by City	\$80.00 per hour
Sanders 2.75 - 5 cubic yards w/sand loaded by City	\$90.00 per hour
Sanders over 5.5 cubic yards with sand loaded by City	\$115.00 per hour
Backhoe with or without plow	\$90.00 per hour
Loaders under 2 cubic yards with plow	\$90.00 per hour
Loaders 2 - 3 cubic yards with plow	\$120.00 per hour
Loaders 3.5 - 5 cubic yards with plow	\$140.00 per hour
Hauling Rate	
Six (6) wheel	\$60.00 per hour
Ten (10) wheel	\$85.00 per hour
Trailer	\$100.00 per hour

Prices for <u>all other equipment</u> will be negotiated.

Skid Steer Loaders

Each vehicle will be issued a two-way radio which will be transmitting on the City's frequency.

\$75.00 per hour

CERTIFICATION:

Complete this page by signing in the space below and return with completed Equipment Application, W-9 Form and Certificate(s) of Insurance.

As required under Chapter 233 and 701 of the Mass. Acts and Resolves of 1983 and Chapter 30B of Massachusetts General Laws, when returning the City's solicitation documents, certification must be made to the following by signing in the space indicated below.

- "The undersigned certifies under the penalties of perjury that this bid or proposal has been made and submitted in good faith and without collusion or fraud with any other person. As used in this certification, the word person shall mean any natural person, business, partnership, corporation, union, committee, club or their organization, entity, or group or individuals" and,
- 2. "Pursuant to M.G.L. c.62C, §49A, I hereby certify, under penalties of perjury that to my best knowledge and belief the undersigned bidder has complied with all laws of the Commonwealth relating to taxes, reporting of employees and contractors, and withholding and remitting child support."

*Signature of Individual or Corporate Name (Mandatory)	By: Corporate Officer (Mandatory, if applicable)	
Social Security Number or Federal I.D. Number		

^{*}Approval of a contract or other agreement will not be granted unless the applicant signs this certification clause.

2009 - 2010 Snow & Ice Equipment Application

Please Print

. Use:		
Office	Vendor#:	Route:

Company Name	Contact Person	
Address	City	
irst Choice Phone	Second Choice Phone	
hird Choice Phone	E-Mail	

	Hauling Rate				
	Sander Size				
	Sanding Rate				
section.	Plow Size				
storm in this	Plowing Rate				
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is available	Wheels				
List equipment that is available for EVERY storm in this section.	Reg. No.				
List ed	Year Make/Model				
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Hauling Rate			
Sander Size		7	
Sanding Rate			
Plow Size			
Plowing Rate*			
GVW	11		
Wheels			
Reg. No.			
Year Make/Model			
Year			

Form (Rev. October 2007)
Department of the Treasury

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	Revenue Service				
2.	Name (as shown	on your income tax return)			
n page	Business name, if different from above				
Print or type Specific Instructions on		e box: ☐ Individual/Sole proprietor ☐ Corporation ☐ Partnership y company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, P=pa	artnership) ▶	Exempt payee	
Print ic Instr		street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and ad	dress (optional)	
Specif	City, state, and Zi	P code			
See	List account numb	per(s) here (optional)			
Part	Taxpay	er Identification Number (TIN)		100	
backu alien,	Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a TIN on page 3.				
	If the account is er to enter.	in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose	Employer ide	ntification number	
Part	■ Certific	ation			
Under	penalties of perju	ry, I certify that:			
		on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting			
Re	2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and				
	8. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).				
withho For mo arrang	Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.				
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person	▶	Date ▶		

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States.
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

. The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,

Form W-9 (Rev. 10-2007) Page 2

• The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and

• The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
- The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

- The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name" line.

Limited liability company (LLC). Check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification ("D" for disregarded entity, "C" for corporation, "P" for partnership) in the space provided.

For a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulations section 301.7701-3, enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. Enter the LLC's name on the "Business name" line.

For an LLC classified as a partnership or a corporation, enter the LLC's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Note. You are requested to check the appropriate box for your status (individual/sole proprietor, corporation, etc.).

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the business name, sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
- 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
- 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
- 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

- 6. A corporation,
- 7. A foreign central bank of issue,
- 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,
- A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
 - 10. A real estate investment trust,
- 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
- 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
 - 13. A financial institution,
- 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
- 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 13. Also, a person registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 1	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7

See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited liability company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 2.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

	For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1.	Individual	The individual
2.	Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account
3.	Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4.	a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee 1
	b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner '
5.	Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
	For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
6.	Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
7.	A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ^⁴
8.	Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832	The corporation
9.	Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
10.	Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
11.	A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
12.	Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- · Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- · Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

Call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 if you think your identity has been used inappropriately for tax purposes.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS personal property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: <code>spam@uce.gov</code> or contact them at <code>www.consumer.gov/idtheft</code> or 1-877-IDTHEFT(438-4338).

Visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA, or Archer MSA or HSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.

²Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the second name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.